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New New York Stations.—It may be of sufficient interest to mention in the BULLETIN that in June, 1883, I found well established on a railroad embankment on Coney Island quite a number of specimens of *Asperugo procumbens*, L., and on the northerly side of 155th Street, opposite the Trinity Church cemetery, in New York city, *Barbarea præcox*.

Buffalo, N. Y.

DAVID F. DAY.

Necrology.—Samuel Botsford Buckley, Ph.D., died February 18th, 1884, of pneumonia, at his home in Austin, Texas, aged nearly 75 years. He was born May 9th, 1809, in Yates County, N. Y., near Seneca Lake, six miles from Penn Yan and graduated at Wesleyan University, Conn., in the class of 1836. From this period onward he spent much time in the Southern States, then a comparatively new field for the naturalist, collecting plants, shells and insects. His various discoveries in natural science relate exclusively to southern species, in connection with which his name often occurs.

It was not until 1866, however, that he made his home in the South, at which time he was appointed State Geologist of Texas and became a resident of Austin.

In 1841 he discovered in Clarke County, Ala., the skeleton of a *Zeuglodon* seventy feet in length which is now in the Warren Museum at Boston. As a botanist he had no specialty, and his studies were in consequence promiscuous; yet his name will be forever linked with the flora of our country. He aided largely in the preparation of Mrs. Young's "Flora of Texas," and was several years engaged in writing a work on the trees and shrubs of America, which is unfinished. He contributed some papers on new species of ants. Among the new shells found by him in Florida is a beautiful *Unio*, which Dr. Isaac Lea has named *Unio Buckleyi*. Professor Buckley was a member of the Philadelphia Academy of Sciences, and of societies in New York, Buffalo and New Orleans.

Penn Yan, N. Y.

S. HART WRIGHT.

Botanical Notes.

A Catalogue of North American Carices has been compiled and recently published by Mr. L. H. Bailey, Jr., of Cambridge, Mass. It includes the names of two hundred and ninety-three species and eighty-four varieties, and is intended as an exchange-list, a check list for herbaria and as a contribution to American caricography. Copies of the catalogue will be given for desiderata.

Parkinson's "Paradisus."—A good many people, we suspect, have experienced difficulty in construing "Paradisi in Sole Paradisus terrestris." The editor of *Aunt Judy's Magazine* and the venerable Rev. H. T. Ellacombe are confessedly among the number, but they have been the means of eliciting from correspondents of *Notes and Queries* the explanation that the title is a wretched pun. "Paradisus" is a park; "Paradisi" is, of course, the genitive of this; "in sole" is in (the) sun (son). Hence the title would run, "The Terrestrial Paradise of Park-in-son." Such punning titles were not uncommon in Parkinson's time.—*Gardeners' Chronicle*.